



Hardware Guide

Ethernet v3.5



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1. IRTrans Ethernet v3.5

The IRTrans Ethernet is an IR Transceiver with network interface.

Basic features are:

- Transmit IR
- Receive IR (38kHz receiver)
- 1 output fo external IR transmitter
- 1 input for external IR receivers
- 10/100 MBit network interface
- Webinterface for configuration

IRTrans devices with the optional IR database offer additionally:

- 4MByte memory für IR Codes and own html pages
- Use without IRServer, everything can be done via Web Interface

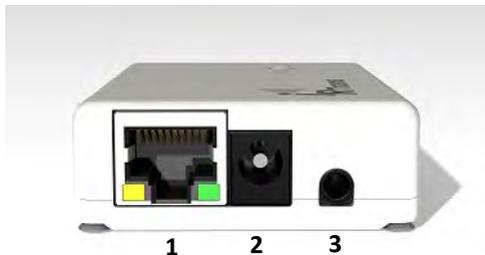
In addition the following options are possible:

- 2nd independent IR output
- Additional universal learning receiver (10-56kHz)
- RS232 interface (unidirectional)
- Power supply with PoE

1.1 Connections

On the back there are:

- 1) Ethernet connector
- 2) 5,5/2,1mm connector for power supply
- 3) Output for external IR transmitters



On the front side there are 4 IR LEDs two receivers as well as one 3,5mm jack for external receivers and one 3,5mm jack for RS232 communication. Note that the additional connectors and receiver are always there but may be inoperative depending on the options purchased.



- 1) Connector for external receivers
- 2) Universal Codelearning receiver (COD-RCV)
- 3) 4 IR Transmitter LEDs
- 4) 38kHz receiver
- 5) Connector for additional accessories (2X bzw. RS232)

1.2 Power supply

The IRTrans Ethernet is powered by an external power supply. It must deliver 8-16V and 300mA per IRTrans device. The positive lead is wired to the center terminal of the 5,5/2,1mm hollow connector.

A 5,5/2,5mm connector may fit as well but will not have reliable contact. The IRTrans will encounter seemingly inexplicable reboots.



When using external high power transmitters the power supply should be capable of delivering 500mA.



In case the IRTrans Ethernet is equipped with the PoE option it may be supplied with power by an IEEE 802.3af conformal Power over Ethernet switch. According IEEE802.3af the power may be supplied by a free conductor pair as well as by a data pair.

Older switches not conforming to IEEE802.3af may not be usable to power the IRTrans PoE.

2. Ethernet interface

The Ethernet interface allows to integrate the IRTrans in any IP based Ethernet. The IP stack runs on a Freescale MC9S12NE64 processor.

The ethernet interface is configured to use 10MBit/s per default. 100MBit/s is possible but not recommended due to higher power consumption and more heat generated inside the IRTrans. The IP packets used to control the IRTrans are usually not larger than 100 bytes so using 100MBit does not improve performance.

Switching to 100MBit can be done by software in the IP Settings section.



Communication between the IRTrans and the server usually happens on TCP/UDP port 21000. This port is registered for IRTrans and may have to be opened in firewalls.

When there is an active link the green LED on the Ethernet connector will light up. The yellow LED flashes when data is transmitted.

By default the IRTrans uses DHCP to acquire an IP Address. If there is no DHCP Server available the device automatically falls back to **192.168.0.32**.

3. External IR transmitters

There are a variety of external transmitters available with 3,5mm jacks.

3.1 stick on minitransmitters

The minitransmitters can be stucked directly to the IR receiver of the your devices. Please note:

- The transmitter casing is not transparent all the way around. The transmitters will only work when the paper of the sticker is removed.
- Range is limited to 20-30cm (~1ft). The transmitters should be stucked directly to the IR receiver.
- Individual control of multiple external transmitters is not possible with the IRTrans devices covered by this handbook.
- Standard cable length is 1,8m (~6ft). Cables may be extendet to up to 5m (~15ft). Longer cables may cause signal distortions.
- Important: When using external high power transmitters there is a jumper to enable full power. This jumper must be removed when using minitransmitters.

3.2 external high power transmitters

The external high power transmitters are equal to the built in IR LEDs. They are available in a high frequency version as well (455kHz). The high frequency transmitters can be recognised by clear LEDs. High power transmitters can be connected to all of the IRTrans devices.

Cables should not be extended beyond standard length (1,8m~6ft). Longer cables lead to distorted IR signals.

3.3 Devices with 2X option

IRTrans modules with 2X option offer a second independent output for external transmitters. The second external transmitter can be connected to the connector for additional accessories on the front (see chapter 1.1). Only if the IRTrans is equipped with the RS232 option as well as the 2X option the second IR output is on the same connector as the first IR output. This connector then is a stereo jack.

4. Connecting external IR receivers

External receivers can be connected by a 3,5mm jack next to the built in IR receiver.

When using an external receiver it must be enabled in the device settings and the correct receiver type has to be selected.

Older IRTrans Ethernet modules (up to hardware revision 2.2) cannot select the receiver by software. When using an external receiver with this devices a jumper has to be set inside the IRTrans. This jumper is located behind the built in receiver and will disable the internal receiver thus enabling the external input. This is not necessary with current revision or PoE devices.



When using external receivers firstly the receiver must be enabled and secondly the correct receiver type has to be selected with the IRTrans software.

5. RS232 interface

The optional RS232 interface is available on the accessories connector on the front of the IRTrans. If the RS232 option is fitted in combination with the 2X option the second external IR transmitter is to be connected via a stereo jack.

6. Start-Up

For configuring the IRTrans Ethernet / PoE there is a password. By default (factory settings) this password is:

user: admin

password: irtrans

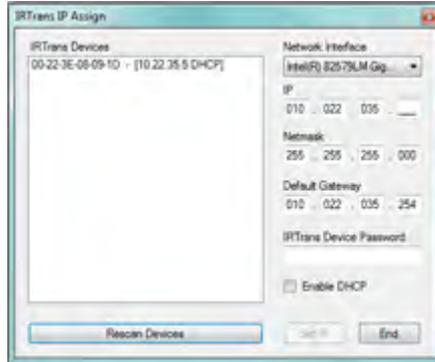
The password may be changed in the user interface.

The IRTrans Ethernet / PoE devices ship with DHCP enabled. Hence the IRTrans searches for a DHCP Server and requests an IP address with its MAC. The MAC address is printed on the label.



If there is no DHCP server or the server does not assign an IP address to the IRTrans the device will fall back to the IP address **192.168.0.32**.

Included in the IRTrans software suite is the tool „IPAssign“. It is available both as GUI (Windows) and as console (Windows & Linux). Using IPAssign it is possible to modify the IRTrans IP settings. IPAssign „mimics“ a DHCP server for this purpose therefore the DHCP ports must not be blocked by a firewall.



IPAssign searches the network for IRTrans devices and sorts them according to MAC addresses. An entry marked with „DHCP“ means that this device obtained its settings from a DHCP server. After selecting an IRTrans device its settings can be changed. Writing the settings to the device („Set IP“) requires the correct device password to be entered.

Now knowing the IP address of the IRTrans the IRTrans server can be started. Additional settings can be modified by the IRTrans servers „device status“ dialogue or the devices web interface.

7. Webinterface

IRTrans devices with Ethernet offer a browser based configuration interface. All parameters that can be altered by the web interface can be accessed by the IR-Trans servers device status dialogue as well.

To access the web interface simply type the IP address of the IRTrans in an internet browser:

http://192.168.0.32

The address will change according to your network settings.

You will now see the Login page:

The password may be changed by selecting „Change Password“. Although ac-



IRTrans Webinterface - Login

cess to the IR functions of the IRTrans may be restricted using access rights (refer to software handbook) the webinterface is always reachable from the subnet where the IRTrans is located.

All options accessible through the webinterface are identical to the corresponding options of the device status. For a detailed description refer to the software handbook.

The IP Settings dialog to configure the IP parameter. The following fields are defined:

Use DHCP: Activates the automatic IP assignment via DHCP.

Fallback ...: When no DHCP server is available the device falls back to the default address 192.168.0.32 after 30s.

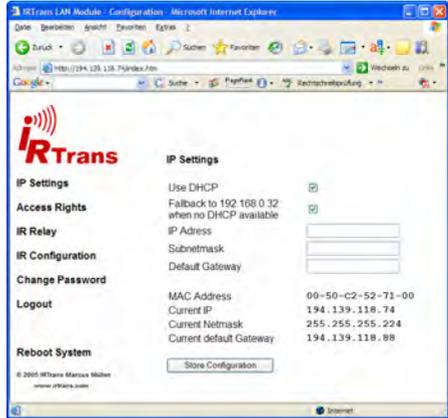
IP Address: Manually configured IP address

Subnet mask: Manually configured IP subnet mask

Default Gateway: Manually configured default gateway

In the lower lines the currently active parameters including the MAC address are displayed.

The button „Store Configuration“ transfers all values to the non-volatile EEPROM of the device.



The Access Rights dialog configures the access rights of the device. If no values are entered here, any client can access the device. As soon as at least one value is entered only clients that fit into at least one of the entries are allowed to access the device.

Each entry consists of an IP address and a subnet mask: 192.168.0.0 / 255.255.255.0 enables all clients within the network 192.168.0.x. An entry 192.168.0.1 / 255.255.255.255 allows only one client to use the IRTrans LAN. The access rights are active for all TCP and UDP functions.

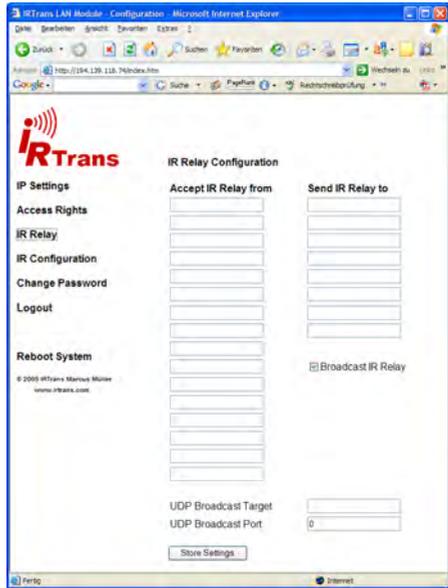
To avoid a complete lock-out it is always possible to access the web front end from within the local network of the device – even if there is no entry for that subnet.



The IR Relay configuration is used to configure the relaying of IR signals from one IRTrans Ethernet to another. In general IR signals received by other IRTrans Ethernet modules will be relayed automatically. This relaying works without a server – even with IRTrans devices without an integrated IR database. The exact configuration of the relaying is done in this dialog.

In the list below “Accept IR Relay from” all IRTrans IP Addresses can be entered from which IR relaying should be enabled. If the list is empty, all signals will be relayed.

The list below “Send IR Relay to” tells the system to which devices received IR codes should be relayed. Normally it is enough to enable the checkbox „Broadcast IR Relay“. Only if IR data should be relayed to routed networks it is important to enter a target address because broadcasts will not be routed. The IR receiving of the irserver is also done via that broadcasts. That means either broadcast has to be enabled or the address of the host running the irserver has to be in this list – otherwise the irserver will not receive IR codes from this IRTrans module.



The UDP Broadcast fields are only used for modules with integrated IR Database. They define to which address and port formatted IR receive data has to be sent. The precise format of these telegrams is configured via the IR database.

The IR parameters can either be configured using the IRTrans GUI client or via the webpage “IR Configuration”.

All the fields and their meanings are explained in detail in the Users manual for the IRTrans system.

Of course both ways of configuration can be used alternately.

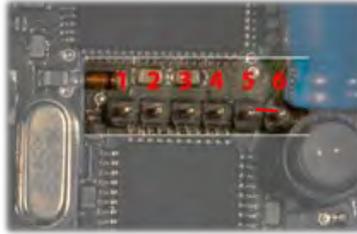


8. Reset to factory defaults

If it should become necessary to reset the IRTrans to factory defaults (e.g. the password has been lost) this can be accomplished as follows:

Remove power from the device and open the case.

Resetting the IRTrans will be done by shorting pins 5-6 of the 6 pin header inside the device:



Pinbelegung 6-pol Stiftleiste

After putting a jumper on pins 5 and 6 power up the device and wait a few seconds. The status LED will flash green-red once. Now remove power again and remove the jumper. The IRTrans is reset to factory defaults.

Notes:

EU Konformitätserklärung / EU Declaration of Conformity

Nr. (No.): IRTrans Ethernet V3.5

Name des Ausstellers: IRTrans GmbH
 Issuer's name Einsteinstrasse 14
 Anschrift des 85716 UNTERSCHLEISSHEIM
 Ausstellers: GERMANY
 Issuer's address

Gegenstand der Infrarot Transceiver (ohne externe Stromversorgung)
 Erklärung: IRTrans Ethernet V3.5
 Object of the declaration IRTrans Ethernet V3.5 IRDB

Das oben beschriebene Produkt ist konform mit den Anforderungen der folgenden Dokumente:
 The object of this declaration described above is in conformity with the requirements of the following documents

Dokument – Nr. Documents – No.	Titel / Title	Ausgabe/Ausgabedatum Edition/Date of issue
2004/108/EG EN 55022	EMV-Richtlinie / EMC Directive Einrichtungen der Informationstechnik - Funkstöreigenschaften - Grenzwerte und Messverfahren	2004 2010
EN 55024	Einrichtungen der Informationstechnik - Störfestigkeitseigenschaften - Grenzwerte und Prüfverfahren	2010
2011/65/EU EN 50581	RoHS-Richtlinie / RoHS-Directive	2011 2012

Zusätzliche Angaben / Additional information:

Keine - none

Unterschiedet für und im Namen von: / Signed for and on behalf of:

Unterschleissheim 05.03.2014

Ort und Datum der Ausstellung / Place and date of issue

Marcus Müller, Geschäftsführer



Name, Funktion
Name, function

Unterschrift oder Äquivalente, autorisiert durch den Aussteller
Signature or equivalent authorized by the issuer



This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

